SATURDAY, MARCH 92, 1850.

MISSISSIPPI AND LOUISIANA. Gov. Quitmen sent in to the Legislature of Mis sissippi on the 19th of last mouth, a Message in relation to the proposed admission of California, from which we make the following extracts:

which we make the following extracts:

"Considered in connection with all the attending circumstances, and the refusal of Congress, at their last region, to provide territorial governments for Galifernia and New Nexico without restrictions against the introduction of slavery, we must regard this measure was an indirect mode of excluding slavery from the territories. The enemies of our institutions, checked in their mad career of aggression by the firm position taken by the slaveholding States, now seek to accomplish the same ones by manualless palpably unconstitutional, but equally subvertice of our rights.

The violent agitation of the slavery question, which commonced even before the treaty with Mexico was ratified, and which has been kept up ever since, serv-

ratified, and which has been kept up ever since, served the purpose of deterring the citizens of the Southern States, whose best blood had been shed in the acquisition of this rich territory, from hastening to

have the froits of our golden conquest.

In the midst of this agitation, and within twelve months after the final ratification of the treaty with Mexico, a special agent is dispatched, accredited with structions to urge the floating population of that new-ly acquired territory, composed of persons of all na-tions, to form a constitution and claim admission into the Union as a sovereign State. The flattering pro-position was accepted. An unorganized community of adventurers some of them, it is true, bold and hardy pioneers from our own country, but many of them aliens and strangers to our institutions, hastily assembled, and, as was anticipated by the planners of the movement, adopted as a part of their organic law, a provision excluding forever the slave property of a large portion of the States from the extensive and rich territory thus usurped.

And now, while yet that broad and deep stream of

emigration is still flowing into that country, the admission of California into the Union as a sovereign State, with are striction against slavery, is demanded!

We do not deny to the people of an organized territory the right to assemble, and deliberately frame for themselves a state constitution, with such republican features as they may prefer. We shall not be found opposing the calm and deliberate expression of the will of the people of any of the territories on the subject of domestic slavery within their borders, State, shall have arrived; but the clear principles of equal justice to all the States, demands that the common territory of the States should be open for emigration, and settlement to the citizens of all the States. Has this been permitted in the case of the territory of California? Is it not evident that her hasty admission is now demanded for no other purof the States of the Union from the privileges of settlement and occupation?

nary and unprecedented measure. The motives for that though several very judicious friends have sugthis hot haste are but too apparent.

I devoutly trust that yet, the Congress of the Unifirm remonstrance against the present admission of California as a State, with the restriction against

Should this measure be consummated, we may expect to see, link by link, a chain of States encircling our south-western border, who, if they should imbibe the hostile spirit displayed in the resolutions and acts of some of the northern States, would become more dangerous to our prosperity and repose than foreign States. Such an event would, in my opinion, render it the duty of the southern States to consult together, and in concert to adopt such measures as shall effectually protect their rights and secure their safety; and give to the citizens of the slaveholding States some assurance of transmitting to their children an inheritance of peace and prosperity, and not of war and bloodshed. The opportunity will be afforded by the convention about to assemble at Nashville, to the deliberations of which we may safely mit this very interesting subject."

Doubts having been expressed in certain quarters in relation to the attitude which Louisiana would assume in this emergency, we copy below from the Message of Gov. Johnson of that State, to show that

flinching resolution never to surrender it. To any of the past before her, will turn a deaf ear. Submission to incipient oppression prepares men for the voke, and compromises on this question are nothing less than anti-slavery victories.

The repeated, galling and unprovoked aggressions ciently warned that, if it is wise to hope for the best, it is equally prudent to prepare for the worst. It is far better to be lawless than to live under lawless rate. Holding these opinions, I have no hesitation in advising the adoption of proper means to send del-

PROFESSION AND PRACTICE.

In the campaign of 1840, one of the chief objections urged to Mr. Van Buren's re-election by Chas. Manly, Henry W. Miller, Thos. J. Lemay, George W. Haywood, and others, in a celebrated pamphlet which they published to the people was as follows: We charge Martin Van Buren with introducing a system of vile corruption and low partizan tactics, which has given birth to characters and pursuits before unknown to the American people, and degrading to their national honor—with making political desert consist in devotion to him and the advancement of party. Hence, no sooner is one of his devotrers and pursuits and the advancement of party. Hence, no sooner is one of his devotrers and properly. Than he is caressed and For the State at Large, Messrs, W. L. Sharkey, (W.) A. M. Clayton, (D.) S. S. Boyd, (W.) C. P. Smith, (D.)

are taught to believe their reward is sure—that offices are taught to believe their reward is sure—that offices and honors are reserved for their faithful services in behalf of their master, and that to the party triumph-ant—"to the victors belong the spoils."

So much for profession-now for practice. Neil S. Brown, one of the Administration "devotees" was "zejected by the people" of Tennessee last summer; and this came Neil S. Brown has just been "caresser is maker? was mindful of him, and " no sooner"

vention, is constrained by his private engagements t

"In making this declaration, I cannot refrain from saying that there is no part of South Carolina I should saying that there is no part of South Carolina I should feel so much pride in representing as my old Congressional District, where, for just so long as I desired to serve them, I found a generous, as steadfast and as indulgent constituents as ever blessed the efforts of any public servant. Nor should I feel less pride in being a member of a body which, from the patriotism, firmness and enlightened forecast which will characterize their deliberations, are far more likely to preserve than dissolve the Union, by avowing and maintaining the integrity and good faith of that Constitution to which the Union owes its existence.

I hope I may be permitted to add, from the indica-

I hope I may be permitted to add, from the indications of public sentiment, at this place, we have every reason to hope that a pacification will soon be established between the two great sections of this Confederacy, on terms of safety and honor to the South, and in which the North will not be called upon to surrender a single right or interest which she can fairly claim, or even a principle to which the most fastidious sense of pride could attach the smallest value.

Any other adjustment than this would be but a hollow and treacherous truce—the fruitful source of re-

newed agitation, hostility and disgust. Nor is there less reson to hope that the great blow Mr. Webster has had the moral courage recently to strike, is but the commencement of reaction in public opinion, at the North, decisive in its character and in its results. If such a consummation should bless the exertions of this distinsuished statesman, the Union will be indeed saved, in the only way in which it can be saved-by a spirit of peace, harmony and mutual justice."

We publish the above mainly to show that Gen. Hamilton, so often denounced in certain quarters as rash and hot-headed, and who was, in fact, a Nullifier in 1832, believes that the Slavery question will soon be settled, on a basis satisfactory to both sections; and to show, furthermore, that he regards the Nashville Convention as " far more likely to preserve than dissolve the Union." And if Gen. Hamilton, the fiery and the impetuous-the Nullifier in 1832, is not a

FOOTE ON SEWARD.

Seward delivered last week an infamous Speech in sion Senator Foote thus raked him down for his serwhen their full period of maturity for admission, as a vility in presenting that curry-comb to General Taylor less, lying neighbors. for old Whitey:

"Oh, sir, let him never forget that it was himselfsenator from the Empire State-who, a few days since, visited the presidential mansion, and delivered to the first officer of the republic a formal, prepared, and most eloquent harangue, preliminary to the presentation of a silver curry-comb, to be used upon the celebrated war-steed, known to the whole country, pose than to exclude slavery from her limits? Is it celebrated war-steed, known to the whole country, just that a handful of adventurers, who shall just set and likely now to be known to all posterity, as "OLD gested in my hearing of late, that a senator of the United States who could so far forget the dignity of ted States will not consent to perpetrate this gross act of injustice upon the slaveholding States. To leave no measure untried to avert it, I recommend a curry-combs, might well deserve to have one of these same dirt-relieving and health-restoring implements applied to his own corporeal surface; and, though it is certainly true that a much graver quadruped than the horse is found occasionally to need a little rubbing down and currying, yet I am far from insisting that the honorable senator from the Empire State shall be at all discomforted in the mode suggested, so far at least as the physical man is concerned. And yet, sir, I feel bound to advertise that senator that he will not be hereafter, any more than he has heretofore been, entirely exempt from such chastisement in debate as his manifold offences shall provoke; and that if no other hand is found willing to give him from time to time the benefit of the raking-down process, he will ever find me ready to use the curry-comb rhetorical upon him in such manner and to such extent as may be fitted to contribute to the purification of his political morals and the improvement of his senatorial manners. I have done."

WOOLEN FACTORY. We call the attention of the farming community to the advertisement of Messrs. Stanly & Guion in to-day's paper. They have made (sulphate and zinc) and one quart of fine salt. To arrangements to put up a Woolen Factory in our town, give this wash a cream color, add one half pound of which will go into operation in the course of three Louisiana will stand firmly by her Southern sisters. months. The building they are about to construct In his Message of the 22d January Gov. Johnson, will be 125 feet in length by 50 in breadth, and the machinery is to be worked by a steam engine. We are informed that the consumption of Wool will not "Non-interference by Congress with the slavery question is the surest means of preserving the Union, and that doctrine should be insisted on with an unformal the wool they can raise. At first only the coarsest for all the wool they can raise. At first only the coarser kinds of woolen fabrics will be manufactured; afterproposition therefore, to compromise that doctrine, wards the proprietors expect to make goods of finer the south, with the bitter and humiliating experience qualities. At this time, we believe there is but one woolen factory in operation in the State. We wish the enterprising proprietors all manner of success in their undertaking. Newbern possesses many and great facilities for manufacturing, and we hope that the example of Messrs. Stanly and Guion, will inof anti-slavery leave no room to anticipate a cessation duce others to embark in enterprises of like kind. which will be profitable to themselves, and contribute to the general prosperity of the town.

Newbern Republican. A NEW PHASE IN THE HEALING ART. Dr. N. egates from this state to the convention, which, our recommendation of the patriotic people of the state of Mississippi, is to be held at Nashville in June next. I feel a proud assurance that Louisiana will support any measure the convenight, and having went to bed." The deceased was night, and having went to bed." The deceased was poor family. It is but justice to the doctor's keen sense of the fitness of things to mention that, in his card, he anneunces his withdrawal from the medical profession forever :- so that Mr. Farrell's friends ave the melancholy consolation of knowing that his death will be the means of saving many others. If every physician who has lost a patient by his own blunders or neglect would go and do likewise with Dr. Ray, wouldn't the profession be thoroughly pur-

NASHVILLE CONVENTION. The following gentlemen were elected delegates to the Nashville Convention, by a Convention of the two Houses of the Legislature of Mississippi, on Wednesday the 6th

For the State at Large, Messrs, W. L. Sharkev.

Second Congressional District.
(D.) G. H. Young, (W.) Third Congression Miles, (W.) J. J. Pettas, (D.)

Fourth Congressional District.
Rae, (D.) T. I. Stuart, (W.)

AROTHER NUT FOR THE ABOLITIONISTS. We are to Ressis. And what makes this the more strikto Ressis. And what makes this the more strikto Ressis. And what makes this the more strikthe schooler Ellen Goldsborough, from Baltimore. this time is the fact that Neil S. Brown was after being absent from the service of his master after being absent from the service of his master for mine months. This slave, who has passed himself at times during his absence for a white man, has visited Ohio, Pennsylvania, Michigan and Canada, satisfied that a state of servitude in South-Carolina is preferable to freedom and hard labor in any of those sections of country. He is about 45 years of ago, and quite intelligent for a slave, being able to read and write.

Charleston News.

Wine drinking and cigar smoking are bad habits.

They impair the mind and pocket, and lead to a waste of time.

Yet these very habits fill the pockets of grape a obacco growing, and of thousands of traders, sullions of wine and cigar and tobacco manufacture. Producers would starve were it not for commers. Political economy is a grand accesse. at or to be confounded by to be tanget or to be confounded by a single maxim, however wise it may look. By the way, the Port Tobesco Times records the death of a colored man maned Vincent, aged 106 years. Bester Post.

heavens, painted as beautifully as those lovely shaped, are colored, and never descending again in sheaters; or at least I wish I was a river performing some useful duty in the world. Shame on my week wave and unregarded bubbling! I might as well have never been, as to be puny, insignificant and useless."

When the brook had thus complained, a beautiful tall flower that bent over its bosom, replied—
"Thou art in error, brook. Puny and insignificant than more it has useless thou art not, for I owe half

thou may'st be; useless thou art not, for I owe hall of my beauty, perhaps my life, to thy refreshing waters.
The plants adjacent to thee are greener and richer than the others. The Creator has given thee a duty. which, though humble, thou must not neglect. B sides, who knows what may be thy future destiny Flow on I beseech thee !" The brook heard the rebuke, and danced along it

way moore cheerfully. On, on it went, growing broader. By and by, other rivulets poured their crystal waters into it, and swelled its despening bosom; in which already began to appear the fairy creatures of the wave darting about joyfully, and glistening in the sun. As its channel grew wider and wider, and yet other branches came gliding into it, it rolled on in a meandering course through a teeming country freshening whatever it touched, and giving the whole scene a new character and beauty.

As it moved on now in majesty and pride, the sounds of its gently heaving billows formed them-

selves into the following words:
"At the outset of life, however humble we may seem, there may be in store for us great and unexpected opportunities of doing good, and of being great. In the hope of these, we should ever press on without despair or doubt, trusting that preseverance will bring its own reward. How little I dreamed when I first sprang on my course, what purposes I was destined to fulfil! What happy bengs were to owe their bliss to me! What lofty trees, what velvet meadows, what golden harvests, were to hail my career !"

Let not the meek and lowly despair-Heaven will supply them with noble inducements to virtue

PUNCTUALITY. Ah! that's the word-punctuality Did you ever see a man who was punctual, who did not prosper in the long run? We don't care who or what he was—high or low, black or white, ignorant the Senate on the Slavery question, and at its conclu- or learned, savage or civilized—we know if he did as he agreed and was punctual in all his engagements,

Men who commence business should be careful how they neglect their obligations and break their word. A person who is prompt can always be accommodated, and is therefore "lord of another man's purse," as Franklin would say. Never make promises upon uncertainties. Although the best of men may sometimes fail to do as they would, the case is exceedingly rare. He who is prompt to fulfil his foot upon any of our distant acquisitions, shall be permitted virtually to exclude the citizens of one half urry-comb affair as the most glorious of his whole you would succeed, be punctual to the hour. Return life, so far as I am conversant with his history, and I borrowed money the moment you promised it. In hope that it will never be forgotten by any portion of all things if you are thus prompt, we will risk you But I forbear further comment upon this extraordi- his countrymen. In conclusion, I will venture to add, through life; you will succeed—you cannot help it. Those who are prompt in their business affairs, are generally so in every department of life. You never know them to be late to church, to the polls, or to bed. A promptness in everything characterises them.
May you be thus prompt. The first symptoms of reform, if you have been remiss in duty, will be to send to the printer forthwith and pay your subscription. We have been more or less connected with papers for twenty years, and the result of our experience is—the man who pays punctually is prompt in every transaction of life—makes a good citizen—exerts a good influence—prospers, and is in fair way to reach heaven.

Exchange paper. ence is-the man who pays punctually for his paper

ANOTHER WHITEWASH. The editor of the Horticulturist in answer to the queries of a correspondent, recommends it as most excellent, as a cheap and durable wash for wooden fences and buildings. He thinks that it owes its durability to the white vitriol which it contains.

Take a barrel and slake a bushel of freshly-burned lime in it, by covering the lime with boiling water. After it is slaked, add cold water enough to bring it to the consistence of good whitewash. Then dis-solve it in water, and add one pound of white vitriol yellow ochre, in powder. To give it a lawn color, add one fourth of a pound of Indian red. To make a handsome gray stone color, add one half pound of French blue, and one fourth pound of Indian red. A drab will be made by adding one half pound of burnt sienna, and one fourth pound of Venitian red. For brick or stone, instead of one bushel of lime, use a half bushel of lime and half bushel of hydrau-Scientific American.

NAPOLEON'S VETERANS. A correspondent of the Boston Atlas, writing from Paris, describes the following scene:

A strange ghostly spectacle came athwart our gay and busy atreets, on the anniversary of the death of the Emperor Napoleon. The few remaining relica of that great army, sound and whole enough to walk, assembled beneath the column of the place Vendome, and repaired in procession to the Invalides, to celebrate mass in honor of his name. I cannot describe to you the effect of that assemblage of withered spectres, attired in the uniform of regiments to which they had belonged. It seemed as if each had risen from the able him to give entire setisfaction to the Merchants who tomb, or risen from the battle-field, wherein they had may entrust to him their orders. once been left rotting in the sun or stiffening in the snow. The procession passed without exciting the slightest enthusiasm; the crowd followed it in silence and in awe. The church was hung with black, and the places round the altar were reserved for the veterans of the Guard, of whom three and twenty yet remained. The celebrated Hulan, whose jaw was shot away in seeking to place himself before the emperor in a skirmish in Russia acted as sacristan, and his 'silver jaw-bone' freahly polished for the occasion, shone and glittered in the sun, while Marmelouke Fezdah, without legs and in possession of but one eye, claimed the honor of holding the chief taper. Altogether, it was one of the most extraordinary ceremonies I ever witnessed."

THE GENEROUS IMPULSE OF DEMOCRACY. One day when it was doubtful who would be elected officers when it was doubtful who would be elected officers of the Pennsylvania senate, a venerable old man, Capt. Wm. P. Brady, for the two previous years the faithful Whig mesenger of that body, entered with a log of wood in his arms, which he commenced placing in the stove. At that moment as if moved by a galvanic battery, and addressing the speaker in an all on behalf of Capt. Ready—"Sir." said Mr. appeal on behalf of Capt. Brady—"Sir," said Mr. Packer, "Capt. Brady has seen better days; he is a army. He was a gallant soldier of the war of 1812, and participated in some of the severest conflicts that occurred on the northwestern frontier; he was wounded in the memorable action of the 10th of September, 1813, on Lake Erie, and here, sir," holding up a large silver medal, "is the medal presented to him by the legislature of Pennsylvania, for his bravery on that occasion. He now asks but to make your fires and minister to your comfort, and can you refuse him?" The effect of this appeal was like electricity. tricity—the sympathetic chord in every senator's bo-som was touched. Capt. Brady was retained, and every man felt that at least one act of justice and kindness had been done on that day.

TWENTY-DOLLAR GOLD PIECES. Mesers. Adams & Co. have brought on in their express, from mint at Philadelphia, a number of these pieces. T mint at Philadelphia, a number of these pieces. They are a beautiful coin, and must meet with general approbation. They are about the size of an American half dollar, and have very much the same appearance, with the exception of the "yaller liver," and are a decided improvement on the eagle.

Bellimore Patriel.

This Company has received a charter giving advantages to the instred over any other Company. The Section gives the Husband the privilege to instruction own life for the sole use of his Wife and Children, for any of his creditors.

Organized on purely mutual principles, the life members participate in the whole of the profits, which are declared annually. Besides, the applicant for life, when the sumual premium is over \$30, may pay one half in a

All claims for insurance against the Company will be paid within ninety days after proof of the death of the party is furnished.

Slaves are insured for one or for five years, at rate

The last four month's operation of this Company show

J. Hersman, George T. Cooke, W. Whitaker, George E. B. Singeltary, Travelling Agents for North Carolina, &c. and S. J. Young, Agent for South Carolina. All Communications on business of the Compar should be addressed to JAMES F. JORDAN, Secretary.

August 29, 1849.

NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE following persons have been elected Directors and Officers of this Company for the present year: DIRECTORS.

Dr. Josiah O. Watson, Jos. G. B. Roulhac, Richard Smith, John Primrose, Henry D. Turner, S. W. Whiting, T. H. Selby, of Raleigh; Geo. McNeill, Fsyette-ville, Joshua G. Wright, Wilmington, Jas. E. Hoyt, Washington, James Sloan, Greensborough, Wm. Badhe agreed and was punctual in all his engagements, he prospered and was more respected than his shift-less lying neighbors. Mitchell, Newbern, W. N. H. Smith, Murfreesborough H. B. Williams, Charlotte, John B. Barrett, Milton, and

> . T. Summy, Asheville. All Directors are authorized to receive applications. OFFICERS. Josiah O. Watson, President, J. G. B. Roulhac, Vice President, Richard Smith, Treasurer, J. C. Partridge, Secretary, John H. Bryan, Attorney,

J. Hersman, General Agent. Richard Smith, Executive Committee. John Primrose,

This Company is now in successful operation, and is

All communications in reference to insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid.

J. C. PARTRIDGE, Sec'y. Raleigh, January 2, 1850.

GOLD WATCHES & JEWELRY. NEW arrival of a large and fashionable assortment of the above just at hand and for sale cheap-er than ever at PALMER & RAMSAYS Jewelry Store. The most extensive stock of all articles in their line that has been offered for sale here for years.

Come and see, if you do not buy.
4 Dozen gold and silver Watches, of all kinds, Gold fob, vest and guard Chains, Keys and Seals,

Gold Lockets, Bracelets, Clasps, gold silver and spring | al expense. steel Spectacles, Gold and silver Pencils and Pens and waist Buckles, Silver Combs and Tortoise shell Spectacles, A very extensive assortment of Silver and Plated

Spoons, Cups, Ladles, Sugar Tongs, Salt Spoons, &c. A large stock of Cutlery, Razors, Knives, Razor-straps, and Diamond Paste for Razors, Brushes, Hair Brushes, Combs. Tooth Brushes, &c. Butter and Fruit Knives, Gold and Silver Thimbles, Gold and Silver Mounted Walking Cones, Silver Plated Castors, Candle Sticks, Waiters,

Baskets, Gerandoles, A large assortment of Perfumery, Colognes, Soaps, Boxes for Toilets, Fancy articles, and Christmas presents, and a variety of other articles. All kinds of Watches and Jewellery repaired in suerior style. Old Gold and Silver received in exchange.

PALMER & RAMSAY. Raleigh, Nov. 1849.

A. B. STITH,

Agent, Commission Merchant and Dry Goods

and citizens of the Southern States, and will attend o any business in his line-either in the sale of Produce or Merchandize, or the purchase of Dry Goods, Groceries, REFERENCES;

His Excellency Charles Manly, Raleigh. William Hill, Secretary of State, do G. W. Mordecai, Pres't B'k of State, do Dr. J. O. Watson, Pres't Mu. In. Co., do B. F. Moore, Esq., Attorney Gen., do Matthew Shaw, Esq., Washington. Hon. J. R. J. Daniel, Weldon. Andrew Joyner, Esq., do R. H. Lewis, Esq., Greensborough, Ala. Raleigh, February 6, 1850.

NEW WATCH & JEWELRY STORE.

Fushionable Jewelry.

such as Guard, Vest and Fob Chains; Cameo, stone and Gold Pens and Pencils ; Gold and Silver Thimbles : Studs

Collar and Sleeve Buttons, Ear Rings, Gold and Silver Spectacles, &c., Fancy Goods and Fine Cutlery, all of which will be sold cheap. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired in superior style. Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange. Sept. 21, 1849. Copper work. Turpentine Stille &c.

THE Subscriber informs the public that he is still ca rying on his business in all its branches, at his Sho near the Raleigh Depot. Turpentine Stills made to or der, in the best manner, and warranted to work well and all kinds of work promptly done in copper, brass

Constantly on hand and for safe locks of all sorts izes, guns, pistols, &c. The Subscriber only as sizes, guns, pistols, &c. The Sutscriber only sake the public to give him a full and tair trial, as he is det mitted not to be surpassed in his line. The Sutscribe establishment being the only one of the sere in all a tegion of country, he confidently appeals to North Calonians and to the friends of home industry, to such him.

have on hand almost every stricts over kept in a Dry some establishment, and many articles not usually kept

Warrenton Female Seminary THE Exercises of this Institution closed for the pres-Soth and 31st ultime, and will be resumed on Tuesday, the 15th of January. The Principal is assisted in the various duties of the School by the most able Teachers.

Terms as follows, per session of five months:

Board, \$50,00 | Music, \$20,00

English Tuition, 12,50 Use of Instrument, 3,00 French, 10,00 Drawing & Painting 10,00 Useful and ornamental needle work free of charge. No extra charges will be made.

Circulars containing more minute information can be Warrenton, N. C. Nov. 12, 1849.

NOTICE.

The last four month's operation of this County a very large amount of business—more than the Directors a very large amount of business—more than the Directors ton County, of a man who broke Johnston County Jail, on the night of the 9th of August, 1849, who was around the person of the 1849 on the night of the 9th of August, 1849, who was around the person of the 1849 on the night of the 9th of August, 1849, who was around the 1849 on the 1849 on the night of the 9th of August, 1849 on the 1849 rested as Calvin Griffin, but who had passed in said County for some time by the name of Henry Griffin. He was taken on a Capias, charged with Assault and Batte-

ry with intent to commit a Rape.

Said Griffin, I suppose, is between Twenty-five and
Thirty years of age, five feet seven or eight inches high,
fair skin, and weighs about one hundred and fifty pounds. J. H. DANIEL, Sheriff. Smithfield, September 13th, 1849.

E. N. PETERSON. GENERAL AGENT AND COLLECTOR.

WELDON, NORTH CAROLINA, OFFERS his services to the public as an agent for the settlement and collection of claims in North Carolina. He will attend strictly and promptly to all business intrusted to him.

REFER To Col. L. M. Long, John Campbell, Esq. John Simmons, Col. A. Joyner, J. F. Simmons, Esq., Weldon; Hon. J. R. J. Daniel, M. Ferrall, Esq. Halifax : Hon. F. E. Rives, Patterson, Cooper, & Co. Pitman & Cuthbert, Wills & Les, Petersburg, Va.; Thos. Bragg, Jr. Esq. Jackson; Col. S. Whitaker, Enfield. Weldon, March 1, 1850.

CIGARS.

DE EIVING, and in Store, 20,000 Fine Regalias, 25,000 Domestic Principie 20,000 Imported Principie, warranted genuine 15,000 Jenny Lind Havanna, " 12,000 La Gretta 5,000 Canadoro,

25,000 Low priced assorted. The above lots of Cigars will be jobbed at low prices to punctual Customers. They having been purchased prepared to effect insurance against fire on all kinds of on the best terms, will be sold at less prices than can be property, (Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries ex-cepted.) on the best terms, will be sold at less prices than can be had of any House south of the Potomac. Also, landing, lots of Confectionaries, Nuts, Fruits, &c., all offered on our usual accommodating terms.

SAMUEL H. MARKS. Petersburg, Feb. 6, 1850.

COTTON YARNS AND SEINE TWINE, MADE BY NEW MACHINERY. BATTLE, & CO. ROCKY MOUNT, N. C. RE now manufacturing of excellent quality, Cotton A Yarn and Seine Twine, which they will sell at the

LOWEST PRICES. Their Machinery is New, and they feel no hesitation in WARRANTING their manufactures to give satisfaction. Merchants with-Finger-rings, Ear-rings, Breast-pins, Studs, and collar in 50 miles of Rocky Mount, ordering not less than 500 libs. shall have Yarns delivered to them free of addition-

Rocky Mount, Nash Co. N. C.)

March 3d, 1850.

FRANCIS H. ROBERTSON. Successor to Messrs. Spotswood & Robertson . WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN Foreign & Domestic Drugs, Medicines.

Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Brushes, Soaps, Fancy Articles, Window Glass, and of D. Brandreth's Garden Seeds. Agents for Floor Oil Cloths. Genuine Imported Havana, Regalia and Principe Segars.

Orders executed with accuracy, neatness and despatch. 8. E. Corner of Bollingbrook and Sycamore St. PETERSBURG, Va. February 1, 1850. 796-4m.

\$50 REWARD. T) ANAWAY from Matthew N. Strickland sometime

Lin November 1847, Negro Man Carvin, aged about Broker, New York.

Thirty years. He is a very black negro, and about five feet ten or eleven inches high. He has fine white teeth. He had been hired about Raleigh some two years before he ran away. Said boy, I believe, is lurking about Raleigh as he has a wife at Mr. Towle's. I will give the above reward for his apprehension and delivery to me or for his confinement in Raleigh Jail. BRYAN GREEN. For M. N. STRICKLAND. August 20, 1849

> A Teacher Wanted. Teacher is wanted to take charge of the Common School in District No. 35, Wake County. The applicant for this situation must be a sober man-not necessarily a "Son," but not inclined to imbibe-and come well recommended as to qualifications and capacity. Apply to

W. G. STRICKLAND. ROBT. TRAWICK, JAS. G. JEFFREYS.

Register copy till forbid. Administrator's Notice

March 6th, 1850.

W. H. THOMPSON

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Raleigh and its vicinity, that he has opened a scholce stock of AVING at the last February Term of the Court of

notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

Debtors to said estate, will also please to make payment

W. W. VASS, Adm'r. Raleigh, March 1, 1850. Spring Fashions.

L. BURCH would inform every gentleman o BOOT, made in the finest style, of Lemoine Corroyeur Peris Calf Skins, to call on him, as he is determined not rning Broaches; Plain, Chased and Stone Rings; to be surpassed in the manufactory of fine Boots, North And nearly all will admit that it is difficult to be teelly dramed without a pair of O. L. B's heat Boo Raleigh, March 13, 1850.

> Borrowed Pamphlen. VHOSE Masons who have betrowed from the Gr Lodge, copies of Moore's Processon's Magazine. Lodge, copies of Moure's Freemann's Magazine, are return them at once althor to John W. Cost Releigh, March 12, 1850.

is now receiving their spring and sammer supply for 1850. One of the Firm has just returned from New York, and the Northern eities, where he purchased a rish variety of goods, of this spring's importations, he fare they had been picked over, and before the advance in price; and having thus had the choice of the large and splendid fresh arrivals, and the advantage of low prices, they fatter themselves they will be better prepared than over to meet the demands of this market, and please their numerous friends and customers, in this town and country. They respectfully invite the public to call and examine their stock. They have just received a supply of the following, and are daily receiving such other articles as are usually kept in a Dry Goods and Family Grocery Store, suited to the wants and taste of this community. ind teste of this community.

Bi'k Gro De Rhine Silks,

Plain and figured Chameleon Silke, Broche and plain Grenedines,
Plain and embroidered black ditto, Fancy and black silk Tissues. Silk Abarines and Hernanies, Corn colored Grenandines,

Evening Dresses,
Embroidered and dotted Fancy Swiss Muslin,
Chamberry, French and American Ginghams, Camblet Lustres and Linen Ginghams, Melreys and fancy Diamond Jaconets,
Plain and printed Lawns and Muslins.
Tarlton, Swiss, India, Victoria, Bishop, Book and

Dotted Jackopet Musi Rich Bonnet, Cap, Neck, Cuff and Belt Ribbons French needle work capes, collars, and cuffs Ladies, and Gentlemen's Paris Kid Gloves, Swiss and Jackonet Edgings and Insertings, Liste and Linen Edgings and Ribbons, Linen and Pancy Silk Dress Buttons, Russia Braids and Fancy Silk Trimmings,

Ladies, and Misses, L. C. hem stich and tape box. dered Handkerchiefs Muslin, mottair, grass and Hough's Patent Skirts. Cloth and Cassimeres, of the various colors and qual. Linen and cotton goods, in great varieties, many of which are touched with the Hungarian and California

Black and fancy satin and silk VESTINGS,
Plain and embroided Marseilles ditto, &c. &c.
HATS, &c.—Determined always to furnish whatever is latest, rarest and best, they offer an extensive stock of men's, youths' and children's fashionable and flat brim Mole Skin, Panama, Maracaibo, Leghorn, Sewed Pedals, Hungarian and Palm Hats. A splendid lot of CAPS.

Infants' Fancy Goods.

Also, Umbrellas, Parasols, Bonnets, Shoes, Hardware. Cutlery, Groceries, &c. All of which they now are offering on the most liberal terms. R. TUCKER & SON.

Raleigh, March 17, 1850. NEW SPRING GOODS.

TIE have received a considerable portion of our SPRING PURCHASE OF Staple and Fancy Dry Goods. consisting in part as follows: India Silks, Brocade Fig. Cham. do.

Silk Tissues, figured and plain, Bareges, Bonnet, Cap, and Neck Ribbons, Neck Ties, Belts, &c. &c. A large and handsome lot of French Work-Capes, Collars, Cape, Embroidered Lace Capes, &c. Black Silk Lace Mantillas,

Emb'd Paletots. HEARTT & LITCHFORD. Raleigh, March 20, 1850.

LIVERY STABLES.

THE Subscriber, having purchased all the stock de of the late Firm of Nixon and Cooke, takes occasion to inform his friends and the public generally thaths will continue to carry on the business, in all its branches, at the same stand; and that no efforts nor expense will be spared on his part to accommodate the travelling community. Conveyances, with good horses and carful drivers, will be furnished at all times and at short no

tice; and in fact, every convenience for travelling, in the way of horses, carriages, buggies, &c. will be supplied on the best terms by the undersigned. The subscriber also expects to keep constantly or hand, good Horses for sale; and persons wishing to put out their Horses by the week, or month, or year, will have them well attended to, at moderate prices. He Stables are on Wilmington Street, just to the East of

Market Square

Thankful for the very liberal encouragement which has been extended to the late Firm, the undersigned pledges himself to merit, by his exertions, a continuance of public patronage and favor.

GEO. T. COOKE Raleigh, Dec. 1st, 1849.

A CARD. TO MY FRIENDS and Customers at Chapel Hill.
I shall visit the Hill immediately after my retun from the North (say between the 22d and 31st of March)

for the purpose of measuring such gentlemen as designed to supply them with Clothing for the approaching Commencement. I may be found at Miss Ann Hillard's THOMAS M. OLIVER, of Oliver & Proctor, Merchant Tailors, Raleigh, N. C. March 5, 1850.

NOTICE

THE undersigned begs to inform the agents of the GRAEFENBERG COMPANY, in North Caroli-They will please address the subscriber direct on any subjects connected with the business of the Company, and make remittances or pay monies only to the same, unit further advised. EDWARD BARTON,

50 Broadway, New York March 15, 1850. NEW BOOKS.

TAND and Hearts, a Novel; Poems of Amelia, trated; Poems of Oliver Wendell Holmes; the Shaker peare Calendar, or Wit and Humor, for every day in the year; Golddmith's Miscellauleous Works, by Prior; the King of the Hurons; Ireland as I saw it, by W. S. Balck, St. Ledger or the Threads of Life; the Neighbors, by Mins Bremer, new edition ; Mahomet and his Succes

by Washington Irving; the Iliad of Homer, translated into English Blank Verse, by William Cowper.

The above received this day, by

HENRY D. TURNER. Raleigh, March 20, 1850.

For Sale Low, Q OR 400 yards Dundee Bagging. Dry Goods, Crockery, J. BROWN. No. 9, Fayetteville 81.

Ruleigh, February 5, 1850. City Tax List Court House on Thursday the 28th day of March tent—from 10 o'clock A. M., to 5 o'clock P. M., b w. W. DALLAS HAYWOOD, Intended

Raleigh, March 6th, 1850; GEO. WORTHAM. ATTORNEY ATTEAW, Oxford, N. C.

Counties of Granville, Warren, Franklin, 1860. HORSE BILLS. AD TOR PRINTING GENERALLI,

Executed at the Standard Office. ly, in the heat measure, and on re (deigh, tema 1, 1880) FOR SALB.

NOTE No. 1 YOUNG NEGROES for sale—to their und!one girl. Apply to J. J. CHRISTOPHERS leigh, Peb. 28, 1850.